

STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS 302 WEST WASHINGTON STREET ROOM E418 INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA 46204-2765

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January 6, 2010

Mr. Patrick Hastings, Executive Director Indiana Board for Depositories One North Capitol Avenue Suite 444 Indianapolis, IN 46204

Dear Mr. Hastings:

We have received the audit report prepared by London Witte Group, LLC, Certified Public Accountants, for the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2009. Per the auditors' opinion, the audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial statements included in the report present fairly the financial condition of the Indiana Board for Depositories as of June 30, 2009 and the results of its operations for the period then ended, on the basis of accounting described in the report.

The Independent Public Accountants' report is filed with this letter in our office as a public record.

STATE BOARD OF ACCOUNTS



September 08, 2009

Board of Directors Indiana Board for Depositories One North Capital, Suite 444 Indianapolis, IN 46204

We have audited the financial statements of Indiana Board for Depositories for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated September 08, 2009. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

#### Our Responsibility under Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in the United States

As stated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of Indiana Board for Depositories. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process.

#### Significant Accounting Policies

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Indiana Board for Depositories are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and no significant changes were made to existing policies. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions or the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Certified Public Accountants

#### Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

#### Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

#### Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. The attached schedule summarizes uncorrected financial statement misstatements whose effects, as determined by management, are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. None of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

#### Disagreements with Management

For the purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreement arose during the course of our audit.

#### Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated September 08, 2009.

#### Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultation with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

#### Other Significant Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Company's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention

This information is intended solely for the use of the board of directors and management of Indiana Board for Depositories, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

London Witte Group, we

London Witte Group, LLC

(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF INDIANA)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
INDIANA BOARD FOR DEPOSITORIES

We have audited the statements of net assets of the

INDIANA BOARD FOR DEPOSITORIES

(A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF INDIANA)

as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the related statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Board's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Indiana Board for Depositories as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

London Witte Group, LC

September 08, 2009

(A Component Unit of the State of Indiana)

### **Management Discussion and Analysis**

June 30, 2009 and 2008

This section of the Indiana Board for Depositories' (the Board) annual financial report presents Management's discussion and analysis of the Board's financial performance during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008. Please read it in conjunction with the Board's financial statements and accompanying notes.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Board generated operating income of \$8,238,600 for fiscal year 2009 and \$14,616,700 for fiscal year 2008.
- The Board made a transfer to the police and firefighter pension relief fund in the amount of \$14,616,700 and \$13,514,400 during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual financial report consists of two parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), and the basic financial statements and notes. The Board is a component unit of the State of Indiana and follows enterprise fund reporting; accordingly, the financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Enterprise fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities and operations of the Board. These statements are presented in a manner similar to a private business.

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets provide information about the Board's financial status. The Statement of Net Assets includes all of the Board's assets and liabilities and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets report all of the revenues and expenses during the time period. The Statement of Cash Flows reports the cash provided and used by operating activities as well as other cash sources and uses. The financial statements also include notes that explain and support the information in the financial statements.

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# Management Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2009 and 2008

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE BOARD

The following table is a condensed summary of financial information for the year ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007:

<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
\$ 273,538,200 157,434,700	\$ 322,411,900 142,380,100	\$ 331,804,900 172,951,900
430,972,900	464,792,000	504,756,800
122,750,200	150,191,000	191,258,200
122,750,200	150,191,000	191,258,200
308,222,700	314,601,000	313,498,600
10,035,800 1,797,200	23,491,200 8,874,500	23,882,100 10,367,700
8,238,600	14,616,700	13,514,400
(14,616,700)	(13,514,400)	(8,405,000)
\$ (6,378,100)	\$ 1,102,300	\$ 5,109,400
	\$ 273,538,200 157,434,700 430,972,900 122,750,200 - 122,750,200 308,222,700 10,035,800 1,797,200 8,238,600 (14,616,700) \$ (6,378,100)	\$ 273,538,200 \$ 322,411,900 157,434,700 142,380,100 430,972,900 464,792,000 122,750,200 150,191,000 

Note: Amounts are rounded to the nearest one hundred (\$100) dollars.

The largest components of current assets are cash, collateral for securities lending and investments that will be maturing during the upcoming fiscal year. Also included in current assets is interest receivable and accounts receivable. Current assets for 2009 have decreased approximately \$48,873,700 with the largest decrease occurring in cash which decreased approximately \$34,862,300, followed by a decrease in collateral from securities lending which decreased approximately \$27,112,200 and a decrease in accounts receivable of \$10,200. The offsetting increase was in short term investments, which increased approximately \$13,111,000. Comparing 2008 to 2007, current assets decreased approximately \$9,393,000 with the largest decrease occurring in collateral from securities lending which decreased approximately \$40,577,200, with the offset by an increase of \$31,172,800 in cash and \$11,200 in accounts receivable.

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### Management Discussion and Analysis

June 30, 2009 and 2008

Noncurrent assets consist of long-term investments, a loan receivable and capital assets. Long-term investments have increased during 2009 by \$15,063,000. During fiscal year 2008, long term investments had decreased approximately \$30,584,300. The fluctuations noted above are primarily a result of the change in the composition of the investments made through the Board's account with the Bank of New York. During fiscal year 2004, the Board transferred \$50,000,000 to the State of Indiana's general fund in compliance with Public Law 224-2003 Section 116 (a) for an interest free loan. This has been recorded as a long term loan receivable.

Similarly, current liabilities are comprised of securities lending transactions that offset the current asset collateral from securities lending. Accounts payable and accrued payroll liabilities are included in current liabilities as well.

Net assets are reported in three categories and as of June 30, 2009 and 2008, \$20,900 and \$34,200 respectively is invested in capital assets, \$8,238,600 and \$14,616,700 respectively of net assets are restricted for the future transfer to the police and firefighter pension relief fund and \$299,963,200 and \$299,950,000 respectively are unrestricted net assets.

Operating revenues consist of interest income earned on investments and income from securities lending transactions. Investment income decrease \$5,970,000 in 2009 and increased approximately \$464,800 in 2008. Income from security lending has decreased approximately \$7,485,400 in 2009 and decreased approximately \$855,700 in 2008. Both decreases and increases in 2009 and 2008 are in large part a result of the rising and falling of interest rates. The largest operating expenses include the borrower's rebate on securities lending, as well as, professional fees and payroll and payroll related expenses. The borrower's rebate on security lending has decreased approximately \$7,043,200 in 2009 and decreased \$1,585,200 in 2008.

The transfers made to the police and firefighter pension fund during the fiscal years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$14,616,700 and \$13,514,400, respectively and the amount that will be transferred to the fund in December 2009 based upon the current year earnings will be \$8,238,600. Once that transfer is made, the total that will have been transferred to aid Indiana communities for police and firefighter pensions since June 30, 2001 will be \$95,073,100.

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### Statements of Net Assets

June 30, 2009 and 2008

#### **ASSETS**

	_	2009	_	2008
CURRENT ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents  Accounts receivable  Investments maturing in one year  Interest receivable  Collateral from securities lending	\$	31,911,785 1,049 118,102,051 848,026 122,675,250	\$	66,774,118 11,304 103,948,663 1,890,330 149,787,442
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		273,538,161		322,411,857
INVESTMENTS		107,402,797		92,339,827
LOAN RECEIVABLE		50,000,000		50,000,000
PREPAID EXPENSES		11,019		6,054
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET		20,946		34,181
TOTAL ASSETS		430,972,923		464,791,919
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Accounts payable Accrued expenses Securities lending transactions  TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		71,916 3,014 122,675,250 122,750,180	- -	400,534 3,035 149,787,442 150,191,011
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets Restricted for police and firefighter pension fund distribution Unrestricted TOTAL NET ASSETS	ı	20,946 8,238,558 299,963,239 \$_308,222,743		34,181 14,616,723 299,950,004 \$ 314,600,908

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# Statements of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Assets

# Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

		Amou	Percent		
	_	2009	2008	2009	2008
OPERATING REVENUES  Investment income  Securities lending income	\$	8,307,028 \$ 1,728,766	14,277,005 9,214,173	82.8 17.2	60.8
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	_	10,035,794	23,491,178	100.0	100.0
OPERATING EXPENSES Securities lending fees Salaries and wages Employee benefits Maintenance contracts Depreciation Professional fees Office supplies Travel Rent Other		1,215,617 170,247 51,584 29,934 15,198 245,240 7,794 7,681 23,413 30,528	8,258,830 158,241 49,431 28,100 23,891 291,511 12,966 7,798 21,780 21,907	12.1 1.7 0.5 0.3 0.2 2.4 0.1 0.1 0.2 0.3	35.2 0.7 0.2 0.1 0.1 1.2 0.1 0.0 0.1 0.1
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		1,797,236	8,874,455	<u>17.9</u>	37.8
OPERATING INCOME		8,238,558	14,616,723	82.1	62.2
TRANSFERS  Police and firefighter pension relief fund		(14,616,723)	(13,514,374)	(145.6)	(57.5)
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(6,378,165)	1,102,349	(63.5)	4.7
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		314,600,908	313,498,559		
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR		\$ 308,222,743	\$ 314,600,908	=	

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# **Statements of Cash Flows**

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

		2009	2008
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash received from customers  Cash paid to suppliers and vendors		1,739,021 \$ (2,115,642) 9,098,858	9,202,869 (9,346,612) 7,751,553
Interest received NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		8,722,237	7,607,810
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Purchase of furniture and equipment  Proceeds from sale of equipment		(1,963)	(30,353)
Proceeds from sale of equipment  NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND  RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	(1,963)	(30,353)
Purchase of investments Proceeds from redemption of investments Purchases/proceeds from short-term investments, net Transfer to the police and firefighter pension fund NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES		(38,000,000) 23,187,504 (14,153,388) (14,616,723) (43,582,607)	(10,000,000) 48,386,623 (12,263,734) (13,514,374) 12,608,515
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(34,862,333)	20,185,972
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	66,774,118	46,588,146
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ =	31,911,785	\$ 66,774,118

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# Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

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		2009		2008
RECONCILIATION OF NET INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating income Non-cash items Depreciation	\$	8,238,558 15,198 (250,474)	\$	14,616,723 23,891 (7,802,352)
Change in FMV of investments  Decrease (increase) in assets  Accounts receivable  Interest receivable  Prepaid expenses		10,255 1,042,304 (4,965)		(11,304) 1,276,900 (6,054)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities  Accounts payable	_	(328,618)	_	(487,721) (2,273)
Accrued expenses NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$.	8,722,237	\$ _	7,607,810

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#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

#### 1) Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant policies followed by the Indiana Board for Depositories are summarized as follows:

Nature of operations - The Indiana Board for Depositories is a component unit of the State of Indiana. The purpose of the Indiana Board for Depositories (Board) is to insure the safekeeping and prompt payment of all public funds deposited in any depository, to the extent they are not covered by insurance of any federal deposit insurance agency, by maintaining and operating in its own name the public deposit insurance fund.

The financial statements of the Indiana Board for Depositories are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Authority's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. Proprietary funds and similar component units apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails. The aspect of financial statements content and format as prescribed by GASB Statement 34, have been implemented in the financial statements, effective for the year ended June 30, 2005.

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices are discussed in subsequent sections of this note. The remainder of these notes is organized to provide explanations, including required disclosure, of the Board's financial activities for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008.

Investing - Indiana Code 5-13-9 authorizes the Board to invest in deposit accounts issued or offered by a designated depository; securities issued or securities backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Treasury; and repurchase agreements that are fully collateralized, as determined by the current market value computed on the day the agreement is effective, by interest-bearing obligations that are issued, fully insured or guaranteed by the United States or any U.S. government agency.

Indiana Code 5-13-10.5-10 authorizes the Board to invest or reinvest in obligations issued or guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction and Redevelopment, the African Development Bank or the State of Israel.

Indiana Code 5-13-10.5-11 authorizes the investment in Indiana Bond Bank if the obligations are secured by tax anticipation time warrants or notes that are issued by a political subdivision with a maturity date not later than the end of the calendar year following year of issuance.

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### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

### 1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Indiana Code 5-13-9-2 authorizes the Board to invest or reinvest in securities fully guaranteed or issued by (1) the United States Treasury (2) a federal agency (3) a federal instrumentality and (4) a federal government sponsored enterprise. The Board also may invest or reinvest in money market mutual funds that are in the form of securities of or interests in an open-end, no-load, management-type investment company or investment trust registered under the provisions of the federal Investment Company Act of 1940. Such investment company or investment trust must be limited to direct obligations of the United States, a federal agency, a federal instrumentality, a federal government sponsored enterprise, or repurchase agreements fully collateralized by obligations described in number (1) through (4) above. The statute also states the securities of or interests in an investment company or investment trust must be rated as one of the following (1) AAA, or its equivalent, by Standard & Poor's Corporation or its successor (2) Aaa, or its equivalent, by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. or its successor.

Cash and cash equivalents - The Board considers cash and cash equivalents to be cash on hand, in bank accounts, and highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less. At times, such cash may be in excess of the FDIC insurance limit.

Capital assets- Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$300 and an estimated useful life in excess of 3 years. The Board depreciates capital assets on the straight-line method. Office equipment, furniture, camera equipment, and computer software is depreciated over 5 years and computer equipment is depreciated over 3 years.

Investments - Investments are reported at fair value based upon quoted market prices for those or similar investments. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value. Gains and losses are determined using the specific identification method.

The Board entered into a bond purchase and pledge agreement with the Indiana Housing Finance Authority (IHFA) pursuant to Public Law 69-1989 and Indiana Code Sec. 5-13-12-7. The agreement provides that IHFA may borrow funds from the Board by issuing one or more bonds having an aggregate principal sum of not more than \$5,000,000. The bonds do not bear interest, pursuant to Indiana Code Sec. 5-20-4-9, and any outstanding principal will become due on March 12, 2013. As security for the bonds, the IHFA assigned to the Board a zero-coupon U.S. Treasury STRIP in the amount of \$5,000,000 maturing February 15, 2013. In accordance with Accounting Practice Bulletin 21, (APB) transactions where interest rates are affected by legal restrictions prescribed by a governmental agency are not subject to the discounting provisions of APB 21. Accordingly, the IHFA bonds are reported at cost in the financial statements.

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### Notes to Financial Statements

### Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

# 1) Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

During 2004, the Board was required to cause \$50,000,000 to the state general fund under Section 116(a) of Public Law 224-2003. Under Public Law 224, the transfer constitutes an interest free loan from the Board and the loan is to be repaid prior to January 1, 2013. As of June 30, 2009 and 2008, the amount that was receivable from the state general fund was \$50,000,000.

Revenue recognition - The Board for Depositories accounts for its operations on an accrual basis where revenues earned and expenditures made are recorded in the period earned and incurred.

Advertising - Advertising costs are expensed when incurred. Expenditures of \$1,496 and \$1,198 were made during 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Net Assets- The Board's resources are classified for accounting and financial reporting purposes into the following net asset categories:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt- Resources resulting from capital acquisition, net of accumulated depreciation and related debt.

Restricted- Net assets which are restricted for the transfer to the police and firefighter pension distribution fund. The transfer occurs on the last business day of the calendar year.

Unrestricted- Net assets which are available for the use of the Board.

Operating and Nonoperating Revenues- Revenues are classified as either operating or nonoperating. Operating revenues consists of income on investments and security lending income. All other items are considered nonoperating.

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

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# **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

### 2) Investments

See Investing section in Note 1 for the Board's investment policies.

As of June 30, 2009, the Board had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities (In Years)				
Investment Type		<u>Total</u>	Less Than 1		1-5		<u>6-10</u>
U.S. Treasuries U.S. agencies Short Term Investments State of Indiana agency bond	\$	83,891,648 \$ 113,324,853 23,288,954 4,639,650	83,891,648 26,743,557 23,288,954 0	\$ 	0 86,581,296 0 4,639,650	\$ · -	0 0 0 0
Total fair value Difference in cost and fair value	_	225,145,105 359,743	133,924,159	_ <del>-</del>	91,220,946 359,743		0
Total carrying amount	\$_	225,504,848 \$	133,924,159	<b>=</b> \$ =	91,580,689	= \$=	0

As of June 30, 2008, the Board had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities (In Years)				
Investment Type		<u>Total</u>	Less Than 1		1-5		<u>6-10</u>
U.S. Treasuries U.S. agencies State of Israel bond State of Indiana agency bond	\$	15,839,616 \$ 168,449,482 7,000,000 4,281,979	6,006,503 90,942,160 7,000,000 0	\$ . –	9,639,743 77,507,322 0 4,281,979	\$ . –	193,370 0 0 0
Total fair value Difference in cost and fair value	_	195,571,077 717,413	103,948,663 0		91,429,044 717,413		193,370 0
Total carrying amount	\$	196,288,490 \$	103,948,663	. \$ =	92,146,457	. \$ -	193,370

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# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

### 2) Investments (continued)

The following table provides information on the credit ratings associated with the Board's investments that are not an investment in or guaranteed by U.S. government debt. Investments in the U.S. Government are not considered to have credit risk and therefore a credit rating does not need to be disclosed. The State of Indiana agency bond is secured by a U.S. Treasury STRIP as described in Note 1.

Note 1.	_	Fair Value	S&P Rating	Fitch Rating	Moody's Rating
U.S. agencies Short Term Investments	\$	113,324,853 23,288,954	AAA AAA	AAA AAA	Aaa Aaa

The short term investment represents an overnight money market fund.

As a means of limiting its exposure to credit risk, the Board cannot deposit funds in any one depository in an amount aggregating at any one time more than 50% of the combined capital, surplus, and undivided profits of that depository by its last published statement of condition filed with the Treasurer of State. Also, for investments other than the State of Indiana agency bond, the following is the criteria for maturities on investments.

Maturity Two to five years	Maximum Investment 25%
1 WO to His Jan	

### 3) Capital assets, net

Capital assets, net consist of the following for the year ending June 30, 2009:

Capital assets, net consist of the following	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Cost Computer equipment  Office equipment	192,953 \$ 7,457	1,703 \$ 260	0 \$ 0	194,656 7,717
Total, capital assets being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation	200,410 166,229	1,963 15,198	0	202,373 181,427
Total capital assets, net	34,181 \$	(13,235) \$	\$	20,946

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## **Notes to Financial Statements**

# Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

### 3) Capital assets, net (continued)

Capital assets, net consist of the following for the year ending June 30, 2008:

Capital assets, net consist of the following	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Cost Computer equipment  Office equipment -	496,722 \$ 8,006	30,353 \$	(334,122) \$ (549)	192,953 7,457
Total, capital assets being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation	504,728 477,009	30,353 23,891	(334,671) (334,671)	200,410 166,229
Total capital assets, net	27,719 \$	6,462 \$	0 \$	34,181

Depreciation expense charged to operations was \$15,198 for 2009 and \$23,891 for 2008. The depreciation policies followed were described in Note 1.

### 4) Fair value measurement

Consistent with the provisions of a 2a-7 like pool as defined by Statement No. 31 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, portfolio securities are valued at amortized cost, which approximates market value. The amortized cost method involves valuing a security at its cost on the date of purchase and thereafter accreting any discount or amortizing any premium to maturity. Investments in money market mutual funds are valued at the current day's closing net asset value per share.

In September 2006, the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157 — Fair Value Measurements — ("SFAS 157"), was issued and is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2007. SFAS 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. SFAS 157 requires disclosure surrounding the various inputs that are used in determining the fair value of the Pool's investments. These inputs are summarized into the three broad levels listed below.

- Level 1 quoted prices in active markets for identical securities
- Level 2 other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk, etc.)
- Level 3 significant unobservable inputs (including the Pool's own assumptions in determining the fair value of investments)

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### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

### 4) Fair value measurement (continued)

The inputs or methodology used for valuing securities are not necessarily an indication of the risk associated with investing in those securities. The following is a summary of the inputs used as of June 30, 2009 in valuing the Pool's assets and liabilities carried at amortized cost which approximates fair value:

<b>Description</b>	<u>Total</u>	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
nvestments at value	\$225,145,100	\$107,180,603	\$117,964,497	\$0

### 5) Securities lending transactions

The Board is authorized by statute (IC 5-13-10.5) to accept as collateral safekeeping receipts for securities from: (1) a duly designated depository or (2) a financial institution located either in or out of Indiana, having physical custody of securities, with a combined capital and surplus of at least \$10 million, according to the last statement of condition filed by the financial institution with its governmental supervisory body. The Treasurer may not deposit aggregate funds in deposit accounts in any one designated depository in an amount aggregating at any one time more than 50 percent of the combined capital, surplus and undivided profits of that depository as determined by the last published statement.

Indiana Code 5-13-10.5-13 states that securities may be lent only if the agreement under which the securities are lent is collateralized by (1) cash or (2) interest bearing obligations that are issued by, fully insured by, or guaranteed by the United States, an agency of the United States government, a federal instrumentality, or a federal government sponsored enterprise; in excess of the total market value of the loaned securities.

Collateral securities and cash are initially pledged at 102 percent of the market value of the securities lent. The collateral securities cannot be pledged or sold by the Board unless the borrower defaults, but cash collateral may be invested. Cash collateral is generally invested in securities of a longer term with the mismatch of maturities generally 0-15 days. At year-end, the Board had no credit risk exposure to borrowers because the amount the Board owes the borrowers exceeds the amounts the borrowers owe the Board.

Below are the investment types and values for securities lending transactions:

U.S. Treasuries \$ 38,516,625 \$ 39,174,65	Investment Type	Collateral Value Market Value
04 150 605 92 440 0		\$ 38,516,625 \$ 39,174,623
U.S. agencies <u>64,138,023</u> <u>63,113,0</u>	U.S. agencies	84,158,625 83,449,093
Total \$ 122,675,250 \$ 122,623,7	Total	\$ <u>122,675,250</u> \$ <u>122,623,716</u>

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# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

#### 6) Commitments

During 1994, the Board entered into a bond purchase and pledge agreement with the IHFA pursuant to Public Law 69-1989 and Indiana Code Sec. 5-13-12-7. The agreement provides that IHFA may borrow funds from the Board by issuing one or more bonds having an aggregate principal sum of not more than \$5,000,000. The bonds do not bear interest, pursuant to Indiana Code Sec. 5-20-4-9, and any outstanding principal will become due on March 12, 2013. As security for the bonds, the IHFA assigned to the Board a zero-coupon U.S. Treasury STRIP in the amount of \$5,000,000 maturing February 15, 2013. At June 30, 2009, the Board held IHFA bonds of approximately \$5,000,000.

During May 2001, Senate Enrolled Act 524 was signed into law. The act provides that the interest earned from the investment of the Public Deposit Insurance Fund (PDIF) be distributed to communities facing police and fire pension liabilities. On or before the last business day of November of each year, beginning in 2001 and ending in 2011, a computation shall be made based upon the interest earned on the PDIF during the fiscal year ending June 30 after deducting certain expenses for the Board for Depositories and the Indiana Education Savings Authority. The payment must be made by the PDIF to the pension distribution fund by the last business day of December. The amount that was transferred to the pension distribution fund during December 2009 and 2008 was \$14,616,723 and \$13,514,374, respectively and the amount expected to be transferred during December 2009 is \$8,238,558.

#### 7) Pension plan

The Board is a member of the Public Employee Retirement Fund (PERF), which is a defined benefit plan covering employees meeting certain eligibility requirements. The PERF Retirement Plan is a multi-employer plan, which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for State of Indiana employees of the various subdivisions and instrumentalities of the State of Indiana. All employees of the Board participate in this plan.

Employer contributions for the years ended June 30, 2009 and 2008 were \$15,598 and \$17,692, respectively. Separate information concerning the accumulated benefit obligation and actuarially determined benefit obligation is not material to the financial position of the Board and, accordingly, is not presented.

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# **Notes to Financial Statements**

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

### 7) Pension (continued)

The plan is a contributory defined benefit plan. PERF retirement benefits vest after 10 years of service. Effective July 1, 1995, Senate Bill 74 enabled PERF members to be eligible for early retirement with 100% of the defined benefit pension if certain conditions were met. An employee may retire with full benefits at age 60 with 15 or more years of service or at age 55 if the employee's age plus years of service equals 85 or more (Rule of 85). If neither of the above conditions are met, an employee may retire with 100% of the defined pension at age 65 with 10 or more years of service. This annual pension benefit is equal to 1.1% times the average annual salary times the number of years of PERF-covered employment. The average annual salary used for calculating the pension benefit is an average of the employee's highest five years of employment earning. Employees who retire between the age of 50 and 65 with 15 or more years of service receive a pension benefit ranging from 44.0% to 98.8% of the pension benefit described above.

In addition, the employees may contribute 3% of the compensation to an annuity savings account. These accumulated employee contributions and allocated interest income are maintained by PERF in a separate system-wide fund for all members. Upon retirement, members may elect a lump sum distribution of all or part of the savings account. Employees who leave employment before qualifying for benefits receive their balance in the savings account.

### 8) Operating lease

The Board leases office space under a non-cancelable lease with terms to expire in 2015. The following is a schedule of the future minimum rentals under the lease as of June 30, 2009.

Year ended June 30	2010 2011 2012 2013 Thereafter	\$ 21,827 22,407 22,988 23,568 48,878
Total minimum lease payments		\$ 139,668

The aggregate rental expense charged to operations is \$23,413 for 2009 and \$21,780 for 2008.

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#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2008

#### 9) Payments made on behalf of the Indiana Education Savings Authority

The Board is allowed through legislation to pay expenses of the Indiana Education Savings Authority (the "Authority") through the year 2011. The Board currently pays the salary of the executive director of the CollegeChoice 529 Investment Plan, the entire lease payment for the office space that the Board and the Authority share, as well as, some of the Authority's legal fees. These expenses were \$108,679 for 2009 and \$87,173 for 2008.



September 08, 2009

To the Board of Directors of the Indiana Board for Depositories

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Indiana Board for Depositories for the year ended June 30, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not for the purpose of expressing our an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, during our audit, we noted no matters involving the internal control and other operational matters that we are required to report to you.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the board of directors and others within the organization and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

London Witte Group, uc

London Witte Group, LLC